

Course Outline

COURSE: CSIS 26 **DIVISION:** 50 **ALSO LISTED AS:**

TERM EFFECTIVE: Spring 2021 **CURRICULUM APPROVAL DATE:** 11/10/2020

SHORT TITLE: DISCRETE STRUCTURES

LONG TITLE: Discrete Structures

<u>Units</u>	<u>Number of Weeks</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Contact Hours/Week</u>	<u>Total Contact Hours</u>
3	18	Lecture:	3	54
		Lab:	0	0
		Other:	0	0
		Total:	3	54

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

Topics covered include set theory, logic, relations and functions, mathematical induction and recursion, combinatorics, discrete probability, trees and graphs, analysis of algorithms, algebraic structures. Emphasis on topics of interest to computer science majors. This course has the option of a letter grade or pass/no pass. (C-ID: COMP 152) **PREREQUISITE:** CSIS 45 or CSIS 24 with a grade of 'C' or better.

PREREQUISITES:
CSIS 24 or CSIS 45

COREQUISITES:

CREDIT STATUS: D - Credit - Degree Applicable

GRADING MODES
L - Standard Letter Grade

REPEATABILITY: N - Course may not be repeated

SCHEDULE TYPES:
02 - Lecture and/or discussion
05 - Hybrid
71 - Dist. Ed Internet Simultaneous
72 - Dist. Ed Internet Delayed

STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES:

By the end of this course, a student should:

1. Describe how symbolic logic tools are used to model real-life situations, especially those relevant to computing applications.
2. Relate the ideas of mathematical induction to recursion and recursively defined structures.
3. Student can describe different traversals of trees and graphs.
4. Student can apply the binomial theorem and Bayes' theorem as appropriate.

CONTENT, STUDENT PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES, OUT-OF-CLASS ASSIGNMENTS

Curriculum Approval Date: 11/10/2020

(3 hours)

Variables

Using Variables in Mathematical Discourse

Introduction to Universal, Existential, and Conditional Statements

The Language of Sets

Set-Roster and Set-Builder Notations

Subsets

Cartesian Products

Homework: Read assigned pages in text, work assigned problems, complete programming assignments.

(3 hours)

Relations and Functions

Definition of a Relation from One Set to Another

Arrow Diagram of a Relation

Definition of Function

Function Machines

Equality of Functions

The Logic of Compound Statements

Logical Form and Logical Equivalence

Statements

Compound Statements

Truth Values

Evaluating the Truth of More General Compound Statements

Logical Equivalence

Tautologies and Contradictions

Homework: Read assigned pages in text, work assigned problems, complete programming assignments.

(3 hours)

Conditional Statements

Negation of a Conditional Statement

The Contrapositive of a Conditional Statement

The Converse and Inverse of a Conditional Statement

Only If and the Biconditional

Necessary and Sufficient Conditions

Student Performance Objectives:

State the converse, inverse, contrapositive and negation of a conditional statement

Valid and Invalid Arguments

Modus Ponens and Modus Tollens

Additional Valid Argument Forms: Rules of Inference

Fallacies Contradictions and Valid Arguments

Student Performance Objectives: Explain whether a given argument form is valid or invalid

Homework: Read assigned pages in text, work assigned problems, complete programming assignments.

(3 hours)

The Logic of Quantified Statements

Predicates and Quantified Statements

The Universal Quantifier

The Existential Quantifier

Formal Versus Informal Language

Universal Conditional Statements

Equivalent Forms of Universal and Existential Statements

Implicit Quantification

Statements with Multiple Quantifiers

Translating from Informal to Formal Language

Ambiguous Language

Negations of Multiply-Quantified Statements

Order of Quantifiers

Formal Logical Notation

Student Performance Objectives:

State the converse, inverse, contrapositive and negation of a quantified statement

Homework: Read assigned pages in text, work assigned problems, complete programming assignments.

(3 hours)

Arguments with Quantified Statements

Universal Modus Ponens

Use of Universal Modus Ponens in a Proof

Universal Modus Tollens

Proving Validity of Arguments with Quantified Statements

Using Diagrams to Test for Validity

Creating Additional Forms of Argument

Remark on the Converse and Inverse Errors

Methods of Proof

Direct Proof and Counterexample

Definitions

Proving Existential Statements

Disproving Universal Statements by Counterexample

Proving Universal Statements

Directions for Writing Proofs of Universal Statements

Variations among Proofs

Common Mistakes

Student Performance Objective:

Student writes direct proofs

Homework: Read assigned pages in text, work assigned problems, complete programming assignments.

(3 hours)

Methods of Proof

Showing That an Existential Statement Is False

Conjecture, Proof, and Disproof

Indirect Argument: Contradiction and Contraposition

Proof by Contradiction Argument by Contraposition

Relation between Proof by Contradiction and Proof by Contraposition

Student Performance Objective:

Construct a counterexample to disprove a statement

Mathematical Induction

Principle of Mathematical Induction

Comparison of Mathematical Induction and Inductive Reasoning

Student Performance Objective:

Write inductive proofs

Homework: Read assigned pages in text, work assigned problems, complete programming assignments.

(3 hours)

Strong Mathematical Induction and the Well-Ordering Principle for the Integers

Defining Sequences Recursively

Definition of Recurrence Relation:

Examples of Recursively Defined Sequences

Recursive Definitions of Sum and Product

Solving Recurrence Relations by Iteration

The Method of Iteration

Using Formulas to Simplify Solutions Obtained by Iteration

Checking the Correctness of a Formula by Mathematical Induction

Homework: Read assigned pages in text, work assigned problems, complete programming assignments.

(3 hours)

Set Theory

Definitions and the Element Method of Proof

Subsets

Proof and Disproof

Set Equality

Venn Diagrams

Operations on Sets

The Empty Set

Partitions of Sets

Power Sets

Cartesian Products

Properties of Sets

Set Identities

Proving that a set is empty

Student Performance Objectives:

Student proves simple set identities.

Student finds complements, unions, intersections and differences of sets

Homework: Read assigned pages in text, work assigned problems, complete programming assignments.

(3 hours)

Disproofs, Algebraic Proofs and Boolean Algebras

Functions

Functions defined on General Sets

One-to-One and Onto, Functions

Student Performance Objective:

Student will determine whether a function is one-to-one and onto or not.

Homework: Read assigned pages in text, work assigned problems, complete programming assignments.
(3 hours)

Inverse Functions

One-to-One Correspondences and Inverse Functions

Composition of Functions

Composition of One-to-One Functions

Composition of Onto Functions

Cardinality with Applications to Computability

Definition of Cardinal Equivalence Countable Sets

The Search for Larger Infinities

Student Performance Objective:

Student will determine the inverses of functions.

Homework: Read assigned pages in text, work assigned problems, complete programming assignments.
(4 hours)

Relations on Sets

The Inverse of a Relation

Directed Graph of a Relation

Reflexivity, Symmetry, and Transitivity

Equivalence Relations

Student Performance Objective:

Student will identify relations and functions

Student will determine whether a relation is reflexive, symmetric or transitive

Homework: Read assigned pages in text, work assigned problems, complete programming assignments.
(3 hours)

Counting and

Probability

Definition of Sample Space and Event

Probability in the Equally Likely Case

Counting

Possibility Trees and the Multiplication Rule

Counting Elements of Disjoint Sets

The Addition Rule

The Difference Rule

The Inclusion/Exclusion Rule

Student Performance Objective:

Student will apply the rules to solve problems.

Student will apply counting techniques to calculate the probabilities.

Homework: Read assigned pages in text, work assigned problems, complete programming assignments.
(3 hours)

The Pigeonhole Principle

Statement and Discussion of the Principle

Applications

Decimal Expansions of Fractions

Generalized Pigeonhole Principle

Proof of the Pigeonhole Principle

Counting Subsets of a Set: Combinations

Homework: Read assigned pages in text, work assigned problems, complete programming assignments.
(3 hours)

Pascal's Formula and the Binomial Theorem

Combinatorial Formulas

Pascal's Triangle

Algebraic and Combinatorial Proofs of Pascal's Formula

Binomial Theorem and Algebraic and Combinatorial Proofs for It

Homework: Read assigned pages in text, work assigned problems, complete programming assignments.

(3 hours)

Probability Axioms and Expected Value

Conditional Probability, Bayes' Formula, and Independent Events

Student Performance Objective:

Student can apply the binomial theorem and Bayes' theorem as appropriate.

Homework: Read assigned pages in text, work assigned problems, complete programming assignments.

(3 hours)

Graphs: Definitions and Basic Properties

Matrix Representations of Graphs

Directed Graphs

Undirected Graphs

Counting Walks of Length N

(3 hours)

Isomorphisms of Graphs

Trees

Rooted Trees

Binary Trees

Spanning Trees and Shortest Paths

Minimum Spanning Trees

Student Performance Objective:

Student can describe several different traversals of trees or graphs.

Homework: Read assigned pages in text, work assigned problems, complete programming assignments.

WEEK 18 (2 hours)

Final Exam

METHODS OF INSTRUCTION:

Lecture, demonstrations, programming assignments.

OUT OF CLASS ASSIGNMENTS:

Required Outside Hours: 108

Assignment Description:

Complete assigned programming projects.

Read assigned chapter in text.

Work the assigned problems from the relevant section of the text.

METHODS OF EVALUATION:

Problem-solving assignments

Percent of total grade: 75.00 %

Problem-solving demonstrations: 65% - 85% Homework problems, Quizzes, Exams, Programming Assignments

Objective examinations

Percent of total grade: 20.00 %

Objective examinations: 10% - 20% Multiple choice True/false Matching items Completion

Other methods of evaluation

Percent of total grade: 5.00 %

Other methods of evaluation: 5% - 15% Group project/homework and computer and lab activities

REPRESENTATIVE TEXTBOOKS:

Epp. Discrete Mathematics with Applications (most recent edition). Cengage Learning,2019.

Reading Level of Text, Grade: Reading level of text, Grade: 12+ Verified by: Verified by:ev

RECOMMENDED TEXTBOOKS:

Kenneth H Rosen. Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications. McGraw-Hill Education,2018.

ISBN: 978-1259676512

Reading Level of Text, Grade: 12+ Verified by: MS Word, Ellen Venable

ARTICULATION and CERTIFICATE INFORMATION

Associate Degree:

GAV B4, effective 201770

CSU GE:

CSU B4, effective 201670

IGETC:

IGETC 2A, effective 201670

CSU TRANSFER:

Transferable CSU, effective 202130

UC TRANSFER:

Transferable UC, effective 202130

SUPPLEMENTAL DATA:

Basic Skills: N

Classification: Y

Noncredit Category: Y

Cooperative Education:

Program Status: 1 Program Applicable

Special Class Status: N

CAN:

CAN Sequence:

CSU Crosswalk Course Department: COMP

CSU Crosswalk Course Number: 152

Prior to College Level: Y

Non Credit Enhanced Funding: N

Funding Agency Code: Y

In-Service: N

Occupational Course: C

Maximum Hours:

Minimum Hours:

Course Control Number: CCC000564662

Sports/Physical Education Course: N

Taxonomy of Program: 070100